

LM110/LM210/LM310 Voltage Follower

General Description

The LM110 series are monolithic operational amplifiers internally connected as unity-gain non-inverting amplifiers. They use super-gain transistors in the input stage to get low bias current without sacrificing speed. Directly interchangable with 101, 741 and 709 in voltage follower applications, these devices have internal frequency compensation and provision for offset balancing.

The LM110 series are useful in fast sample and hold circuits, active filters, or as general-purpose buffers. Further, the frequency response is sufficiently better than standard IC amplifiers that the followers can be included in the feedback loop without introducing instability. They are plug-in replacements for the LM102 series voltage followers, offer-

ing lower offset voltage, drift, bias current and noise in addition to higher speed and wider operating voltage range.

The LM110 is specified over a temperature range $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +125^{\circ}C$, the LM210 from $-25^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +85^{\circ}C$ and the LM310 from $0^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +70^{\circ}C$.

Features

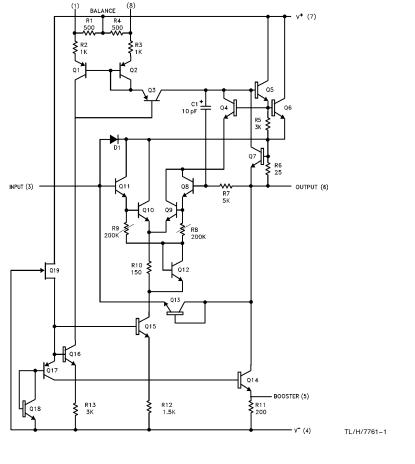
■ Input current 10 nA max over temperature

■ Small signal bandwidth 20 MHz
■ Slew rate 30 V/µs

■ Supply voltage range

±5V to ±18V

Schematic Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications. (Note 6)

 $\pm\,18V$ Supply Voltage Power Dissipation (Note 1) 500 mW ±15V Input Voltage (Note 2) Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 3) Indefinite Operating Temperature Range

-55°C to +125°C LM110 LM210 -25°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$

LM310 0°C to +70°C Storage Temperature Range -65° C to $+150^{\circ}$ C Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) 260°C Soldering Information Dual-In-Line Package Soldering (10 sec.) 260°C Small Outline Package Vapor Phase (60 sec.) 215°C Infrared (15 sec.) 220°C

See AN-450 "Surface Mounting Methods and Their Effect on Product Reliability" for other methods of soldering surface mount devices.

ESD rating to be determined.

Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

Parameter	Conditions	LM110			LM210			LM310			Units
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onits
Input Offset Voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		1.5	4.0		1.5	4.0		2.5	7.5	mV
Input Bias Current	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		1.0	3.0		1.0	3.0		2.0	7.0	nA
Input Resistance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	10 ¹⁰	10 ¹²		10 ¹⁰	10 ¹²		10 ¹⁰	10 ¹²		Ω
Input Capacitance			1.5			1.5			1.5		pF
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ $V_{OUT} = \pm 10\text{V}, R_L = 8 \text{ k}\Omega$	0.999	0.9999		0.999	0.9999		0.999	0.9999		V/V
Output Resistance	T _A = 25°C		0.75	2.5		0.75	2.5		0.75	2.5	Ω
Supply Current	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		3.9	5.5		3.9	5.5		3.9	5.5	mA
Input Offset Voltage				6.0			6.0			10	mV
Offset Voltage Temperature Drift	$\begin{array}{l} -55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_{\text{A}} \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C} \\ +85 \leq \text{T}_{\text{A}} \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ 0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_{\text{A}} \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C} \end{array}$		6 12			6			10		μV/°C μV/°C μV/°C
Input Bias Current				10			10			10	nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_S = \pm 15V, V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$ $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	0.999			0.999			0.999			V/V
Output Voltage Swing (Note 5)	$V_S = \pm 15V, R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	±10			±10			±10			V
Supply Current	T _A = 125°C		2.0	4.0		2.0	4.0				mA
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	$\pm 5V \le V_{S} \le \pm 18V$	70	80		70	80		70	80		dB

Note 1: The maximum junction temperature of the LM110 is 150°C, of the LM210 is 100°C, and of the LM310 is 85°C. For operating at elevated temperatures, devices in the HO8 package must be derated based on a thermal resistance of 165°C/W, junction to ambient, or 22°C/W, junction to case. The thermal resistance of the dual-in-line package is 100°C/W, junction to ambient.

Note 2: For supply voltages less than $\pm 15V$, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

Note 3: Continuous short circuit for the LM110 and LM210 is allowed for case temperatures to 125°C and ambient temperatures to 70°C, and for the LM310, 70°C case temperature or 55°C ambient temperature. It is necessary to insert a resistor greater than 2 k Ω in series with the input when the amplifier is driven from low impedance sources to prevent damage when the output is shorted. $R_S=5k$ min, 10k typical is recommended for dynamic stability in all applications.

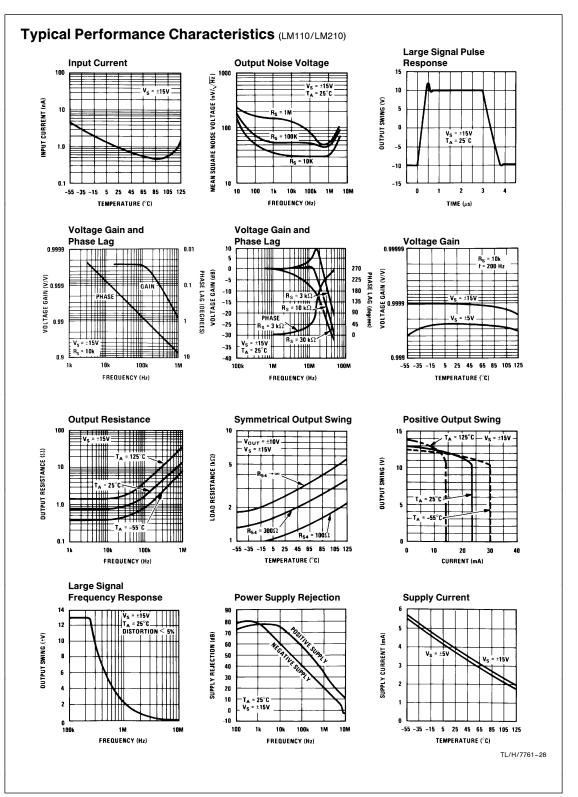
Note 4: These specifications apply for $\pm 5\text{V} \leq \text{V}_S \leq \pm 18\text{V}$ and $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A$ 125°C for the LM110, $-25^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the LM210, and $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_$ the LM310 unless otherwise specified.

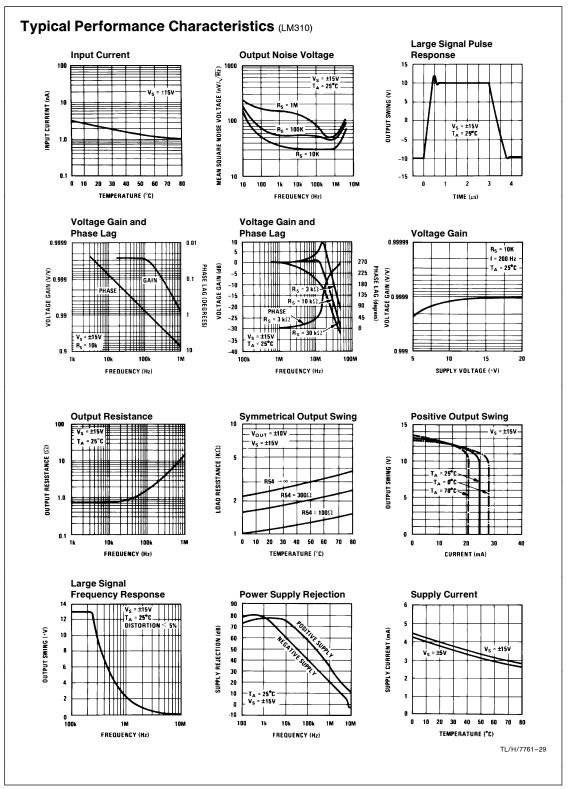
Note 5: Increased output swing under load can be obtained by connecting an external resistor between the booster and V - terminals. See curve.

Note 6: Refer to RETS110X for LM110H, LM110J military specifications.

Application Hint

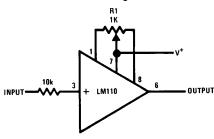
The input must be driven from a source impedance of typically 10 k Ω (5 k Ω min.) to maintain stability. The total source impedance will be reduced at high frequencies if there is stray capacitance at the input pin. In these cases, a 10 k Ω resistor should be inserted in series with the input, physically close to the input pin to minimize the stray capacitance and prevent oscillation.



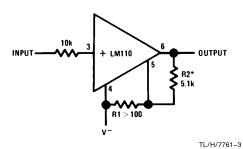


Auxiliary Circuits

Offset Balancing Circuit



Increasing Negative Swing Under Load

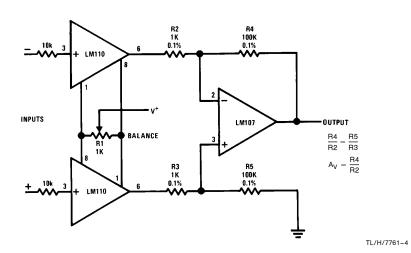


TL/H/7761-2

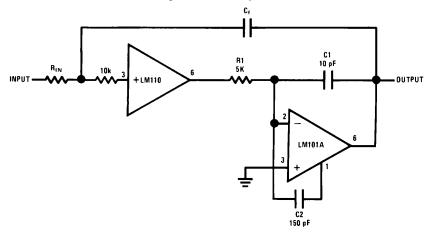
*May be added to reduce internal dissipation

Typical Applications

Differential Input Instrumentation Amplifier

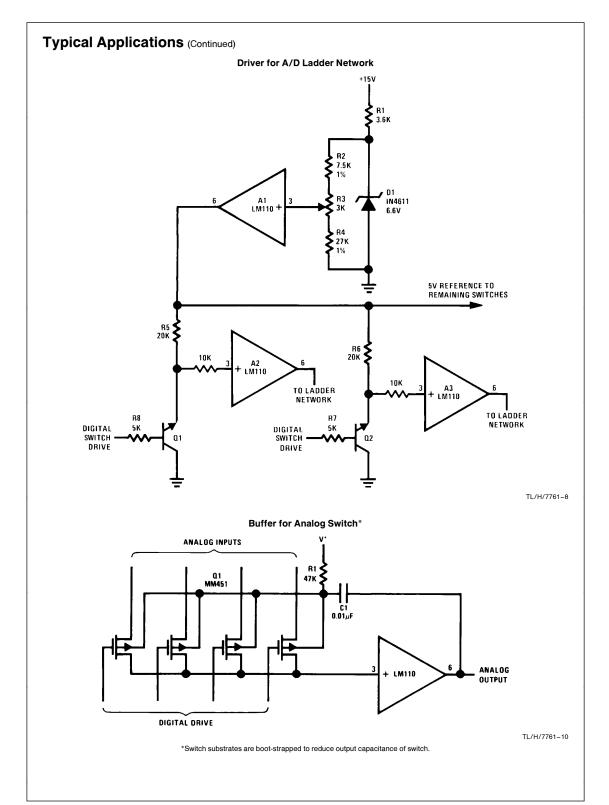


Fast Integrator with Low Input Current



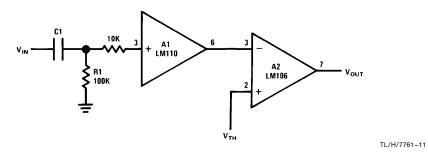
TL/H/7761-5

Typical Applications (Continued) Fast Inverting Amplifier with High Input Impedance R1 10k 1% LM101A OUTPUT TL/H/7761-6 **Comparator for Signals of Opposite Polarity** R2 A2 LM106 D2 1N914 TL/H/7761-7 **Zero Crossing Detector** A2 LM106 TL/H/7761-9

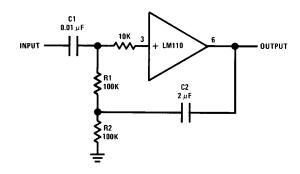


Typical Applications (Continued)

Comparator for AC Coupled Signals



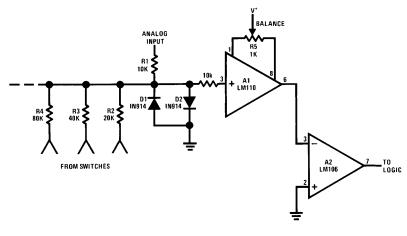
High Input Impedance AC Amplifier



TL/H/7761-12

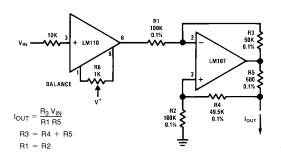
TL/H/7761-13

Comparator for A/D Converter Using a Binary-Weighted Network



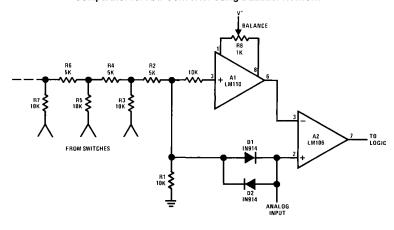
Typical Applications (Continued)

Bilateral Current Source



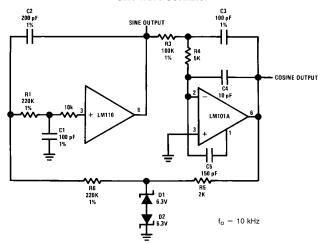
TL/H/7761-14

Comparator for A/D Converter Using a Ladder Network



TL/H/7761-15

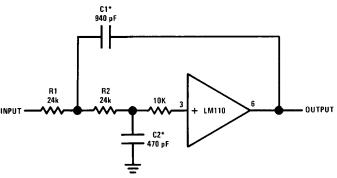
Sine Wave Oscillator



TL/H/7761-16

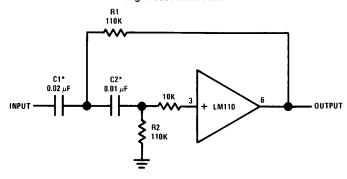
Typical Applications (Continued)

Low Pass Active Filter



TL/H/7761–18
*Values are for 10 kHz cutoff. Use silvered mica capacitors for good temperature stability.

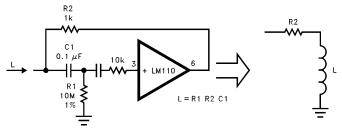
High Pass Active Filter



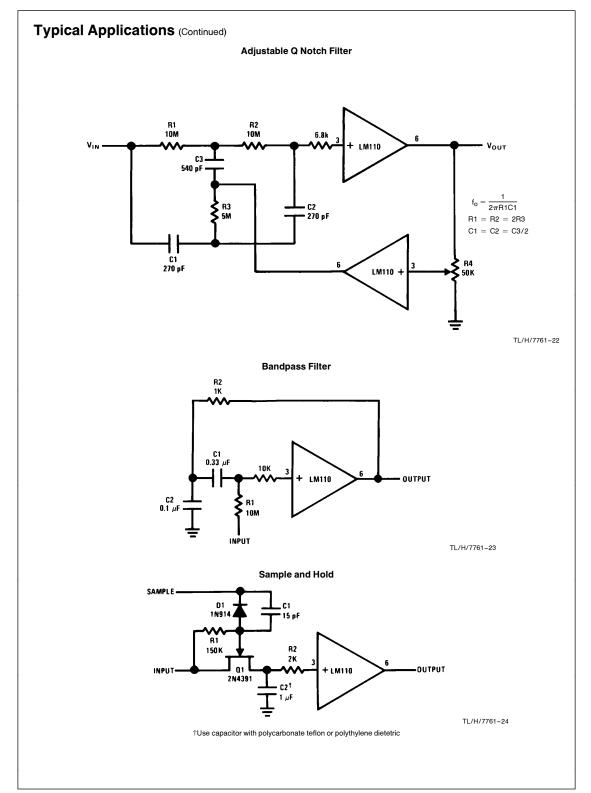
TL/H/7761-19

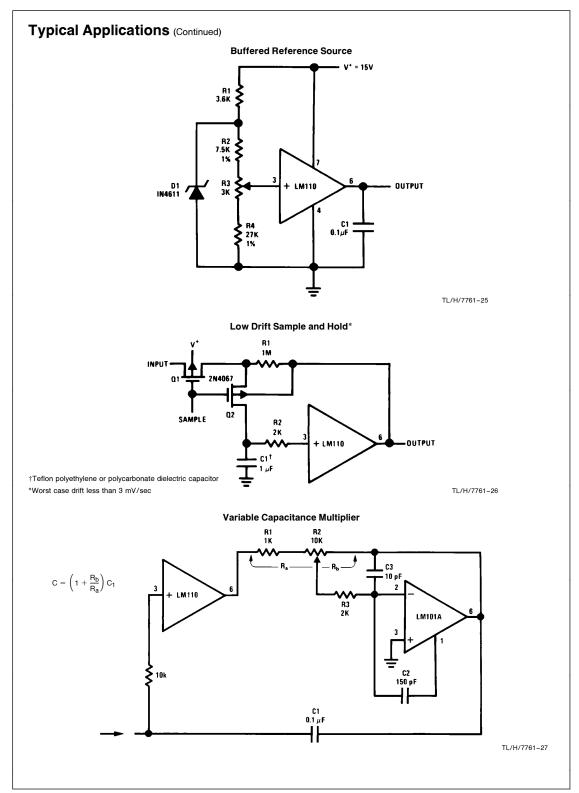
*Values are for 100 Hz cutoff. Use metalized polycarbonate capacitors for good temperature stability.

Simulated Inductor



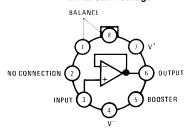
TL/H/7761-21





Connection Diagrams

Metal Can Package



TL/H/7761-30

Package is connected to Pin 4 (V^-) **Top View**

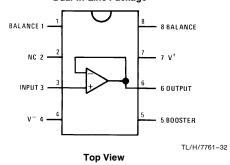
Order Number LM110H, LM210H or LM310H LM110H/883*

See NS Package Number H08C

Dual-In-Line Package BALANCE 3 12 BALANCE NO CONNECTION OUTPUT BOOSTER TL/H/7761-31 **Top View**

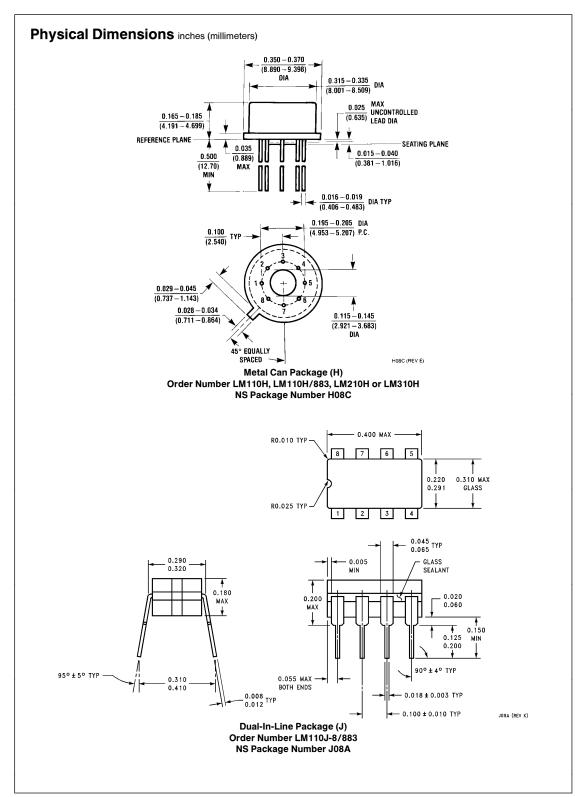
Order Number LM110J, LM210J, LM310J or LM110J/883* See NS Package Number J14A

Dual-In-Line Package

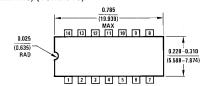


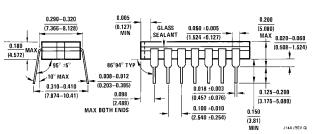
Order Number LM310M, LM310N or LM110J-8/883* See NS Package Number J08A, M08A or N08E

*Available per SMD# 5962-8760601

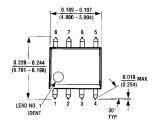


Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)



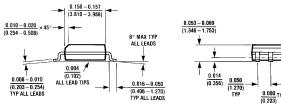


Ceramic Dual-In-Line Package (J) Order Number LM110J/883 NS Package Number J14A



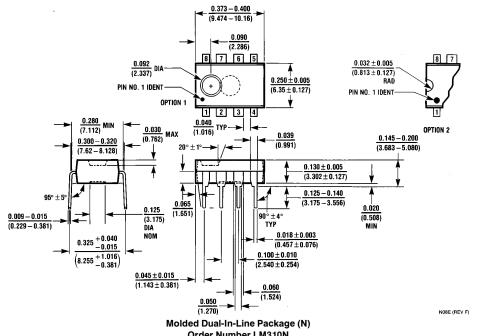
_SEATING Plane

M08A (REV H)



S.O. Package (M) Order Number LM310M NS Package Number M08A

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)



Order Number LM310N NS Package Number N08E

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